

Backports

This page describes the support in [Skara](#) for both creating and reviewing backports.

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Terminology

A *backport commit* (often abbreviated to just *backport*) is a replica of an existing commit applied to a different repository. In most cases the backport commit will be applied to a repository representing an older release, for example creating a backport commit of a commit in the [jdk](#) repository for the [jdk11u-dev](#) repository.

A backport commit is considered *clean* if the changes in the original commit are identical to the changes in the backport commit. Note that only the changes have to be identical, not the changed lines.

Commit Message

All backport commits feature an additional commit message *trailer* (a line in the last paragraph of the commit message) - `Backport-of`. The `Backport-of` trailer describes which commit the backport commit was created from. The following commit message shows an example:

```
8123456: This is a bug

This commit fixes a tricky bug.

Reviewed-by: ehelin
Backport-of: 5a526c1c5716f6d9a7fc94741bcdb2f424d342df
```

In the example above it can be seen that the backport commit fixes the bug "JDK-8123456", has the summary "This commit fixes a tricky bug" and that the backport commit was reviewed by "ehelin". The `Backport-of` trailer shows that the backport commit is a replica of the commit with hash `5a526c1c5716f6d9a7fc94741bcdb2f424d342df`.

Note that author metadata recorded in the backport commit is the author of the backport commit, *not* the author of the original commit. Likewise the reviewers recorded in the commit message are the reviewers of the backport commit, *not* the reviewers of the original commit. If the author of the backport isn't [Author](#) in the project that the backport commit is created for, then the backport commit can be [sponsored](#). In the case of a backport being sponsored, then the author will be recorded as the author of the commit and the sponsor as the committer of the commit (just as for regular commits).

Backport Pull Requests

[Skara](#) features a way to declare a [pull request](#) to be a "backport pull request" in order to ease the creation of backport commits. A "backport pull request" is a pull request which title is of the form "Backport [0-9a-z]{40}", for example "Backport 5a526c1c5716f6d9a7fc94741bcdb2f424d342df". The hash represents the git hash of the original commit that is being backported. When the Skara bots encounter a "backport pull request" then they will:

- Find the original commit with the given hash
- Mark the pull request as [solving](#) the same issues that was solved by the original commit
- Update the title to the first issue being solved
- Add the label "backport"
- Set the [summary](#) of the resulting commit of pull request to the summary of the original commit
- Append the correct `Backport-of` trailer to resulting commit when the pull request is integrated

Continuing with the example from the Commit Message section, a "backport pull request" with the title "Backport 5a526c1c5716f6d9a7fc94741bcdb2f424d342df" would result in bots marking the pull request as solving issue "JDK-8123456" and the final commit message to have the summary "This commit fixes a tricky bug". When the pull request is integrated the bots would also append "Backport-of: 5a526c1c5716f6d9a7fc94741bcdb2f424d342df" to the final commit message.

The bots will automatically detect if the commit in a backport pull request is a clean backport. If it is then bots will add the label "clean" to the pull requests. There is also a user command `/clean`, which can be used to manually label a backport as clean. Backport pull requests classified as a clean backport can be integrated *without* reviewers (configurable per repository). This means that not all commit messages for backport commits will have a "Reviewed-by" line.

The [Skara CLI tools](#) features the tool `git pr create` for creating pull requests. The option `--backport` to `git pr create` makes the title of pull request consist of "Backport" and the given hash, for example `git pr create --backport=5a526c1c5716f6d9a7fc94741bcdb2f424d342df` creates a pull request with the title "Backport 5a526c1c5716f6d9a7fc94741bcdb2f424d342df". The value of `--backport` does not have to be a full hash, it can be an abbreviated hash or a reference.

Unknown or Missing Original Commit

In certain cases, the original commit for a fix is not publicly available, but a "backport pull request" still needs to be created. For this case, there is an alternate format for the pull request title: "Backport <issueld>" (e.g. "Backport JDK-1234567"). This will initiate the pull request as a "backport pull request", but without any reference to the original commit. This means that the commit message will also not contain the `Backport-of` trailer. The only real advantage of declaring a pull request in this way, compared to a normal pull request, is to avoid getting a warning about the issue not being open, and of course to clearly communicate to reviewers the intent of the change being a backport. Omitting the backport declaration for this kind of pull request will not affect the format of the commit message, nor how a backport issue is created in JBS.

Backport Commit/Pull Request Command

The `/backport commit command` and `/backport pull request command` can be used to quickly create a [backport pull request](#) for a given commit. Just navigate to the original commit or pull request in source code hosting provider's web UI and add a comment consisting of `/backport <repo> [<branch>]`. If the commit does not apply clean on the target repository then a message will be shown for the files with conflicts.

The pull request will be created from a branch in a shared fork of the target repository. On GitHub, this repository is owned by the `openjdk-bots` organization. The first time you issue the `/backport` command for a specific target repository, you will receive an invitation to collaborate in the fork repository. This invitation needs to be accepted to be able to further update the backport pull request with more changes.

Creating backports

Web UI

Navigate to the commit intended to be backported in the source code hosting provider's web UI and issue the `/backport commit command`. If the commit applied cleanly onto the target repository then go to the pull request linked in the reply and issue the `/integrate` pull request command.

If the commit did not apply cleanly then the commit must be backport manually and backport pull request must be created manually. See the [CLI](#) section for an example of how to do this using the command-line.

CLI

Use the [Skara CLI tool `git-backport`](#) to try to automatically create a backport pull request for the given commit, for example:

```
git backport --from https://github.com/openjdk/jdk 5a526c1c5716f6d9a7fc94741bcdb2f424d342df
```

If the commit applied cleanly onto the target repository then you can create a pull request and integrate with `git-pr integrate`, for example:

```
git pr integrate 17
```

If the commit could not be applied cleanly, then the conflicts must be manually resolved. After the conflicts have been resolved then a pull request must be created with the title "Backport <hash>". An example of how to do this is shown below:

```
$ git checkout -b backport-5a526c1c
$ git fetch https://github.com/openjdk/jdk 5a526c1c5716f6d9a7fc94741bcdb2f424d342df
$ git cherry-pick --no-commit FETCH_HEAD
$ # resolve conflicts
$ git commit -m 'Backport 5a526c1c5716f6d9a7fc94741bcdb2f424d342df'
$ git push -u origin backport-5a526c1c
```

The output from the final `git push` will return a link that can be used to create the pull request.

Backporting from mercurial

If you want to backport a mercurial changeset, note that you should be able to find the corresponding git commit by searching git's commit history. You can for example do `git log | grep <jbs-issue-id>`, or search for the `<jbs-issue-id>` in the source code hosting provider's web UI.

Changed paths and renamed files

Some file paths are significantly different between `jdk8` and higher. This can make it hard for git to apply a backport patch, it might give errors connected to "rename detection". [unshuffle_patch.sh](#) is a script that changes file paths in a patch, to account for the layout changes between 8 and 11. The current state of this script is known to be incomplete to some extent, but it can still be valuable.